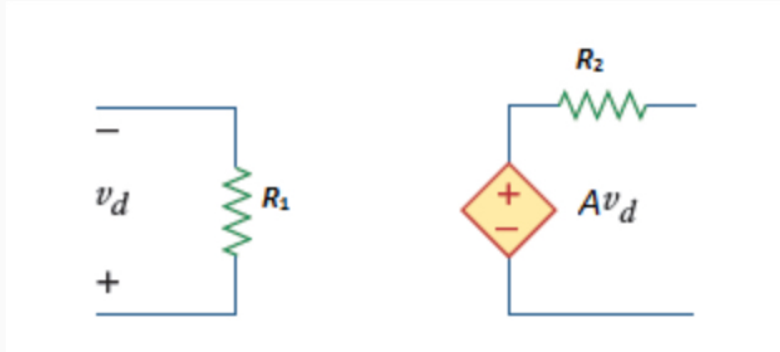


1.

value:  
10.00 points

The equivalent model of a certain op amp is shown in the figure given below, where  $R_1 = 2.9 \text{ M}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 35 \text{ }\Omega$ , and  $A = 16 \times 10^4$ .



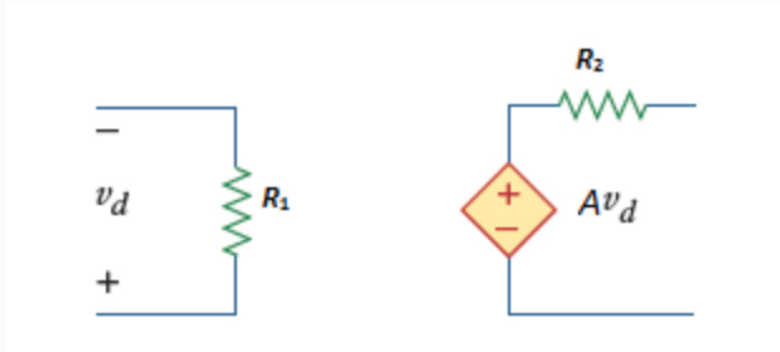
Calculate the input resistance of the given circuit.

The input resistance of the circuit is   $\text{M}\Omega$ .

2.

value:  
10.00 points

The equivalent model of a certain op amp is shown in the figure given below, where  $R_1 = 2.9 \text{ M}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 35 \text{ }\Omega$ , and  $A = 16 \times 10^4$ .



Calculate the output resistance of the given circuit.

The output resistance of the given circuit is   $\Omega$ .

3.

value:  
10.00 points

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The open-loop gain of an op amp is 100000. Calculate the output voltage when there are inputs of  $+10 \mu\text{V}$  on the inverting terminal and  $+20 \mu\text{V}$  on the noninverting terminal.

The output voltage is  mV.

4.

value:  
10.00 points

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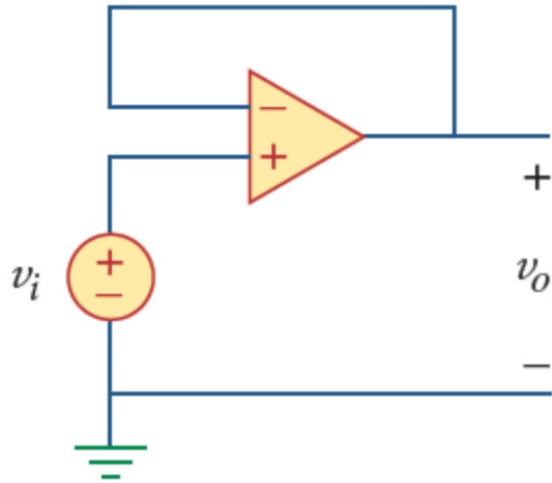
The output voltage of an op amp is  $-5 \text{ V}$  when the noninverting input is  $1 \text{ mV}$ . If the open-loop gain of the op amp is  $2 \times 10^6$ , what is the inverting input?

The inverting input of the op amp is  mV.

5.

value:  
10.00 points

For the op amp circuit given below, the op amp has an open-loop gain of 90000, an input resistance of 9 k $\Omega$ , and an output resistance of 110  $\Omega$ . Find the voltage gain  $v_o/v_i$  using the nonideal model of the op amp.

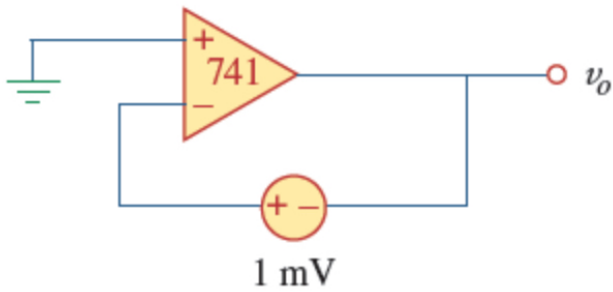


The voltage gain  $v_o/v_i$  of the op amp is

6.

value:  
10.00 points

A 741 op amp shown in the circuit given below has an open-loop voltage gain of 10000, an input resistance of  $2\text{ M}\Omega$ , and an output resistance of  $145\ \Omega$ . Calculate the output voltage  $v_o$  in the op amp circuit.

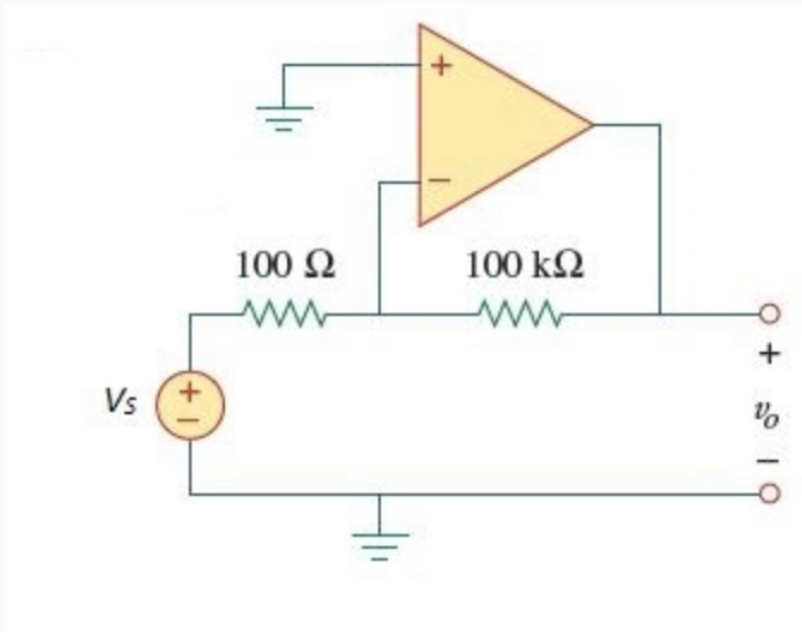


The output voltage of the op amp is  mV.

7.

value:  
10.00 points

The op amp in the circuit given below has  $R_i = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_o = 100 \text{ }\Omega$ ,  $v_S = 3 \text{ mV}$ , and  $A = 100,000$ .



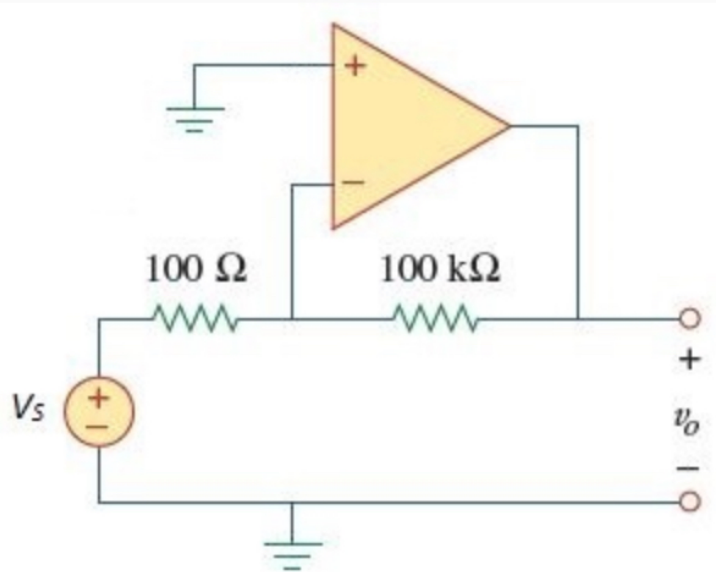
Calculate the output voltage  $v_o$  for the given op amp circuit.

The output voltage  $v_o$  for the given op amp circuit is  mV.

8.

value:  
10.00 points

The op amp in the circuit given below has  $R_i = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_o = 100 \Omega$ ,  $v_s = 2 \text{ mV}$ , and  $A = 100,000$ .



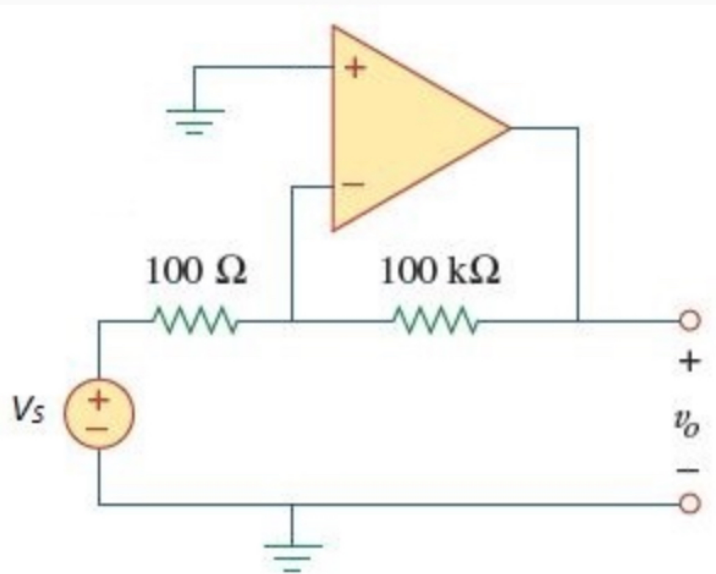
Calculate the differential voltage  $v_d$ .

The differential voltage  $v_d$  is  nV.

9.

value:  
10.00 points

The op amp in the circuit given below has  $R_i = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_o = 100 \Omega$ ,  $v_S = 2 \text{ mV}$ , and  $A = 100,000$ .



Calculate the output voltage  $v_o$  for the given op amp circuit.

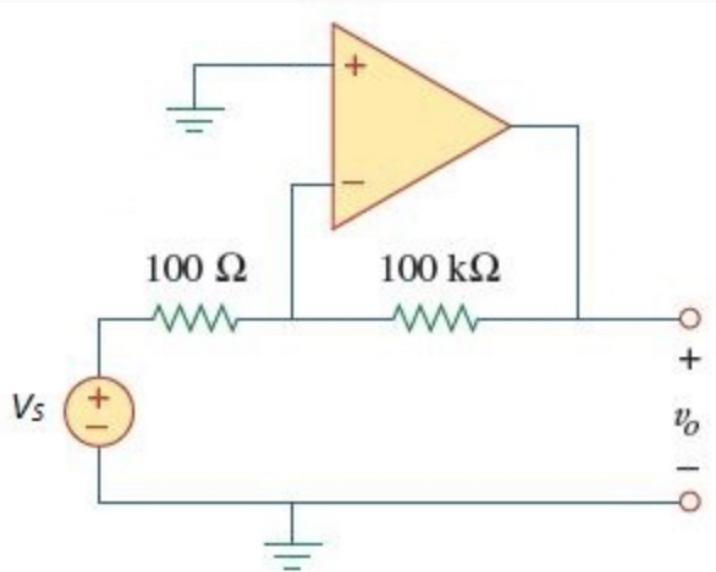
The output voltage  $v_o$  for the given op amp circuit is  mV.



10.

value:  
10.00 points

The op amp in the circuit given below has  $R_i = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_o = 100 \Omega$ ,  $v_s = 2 \text{ mV}$ , and  $A = 100,000$ .



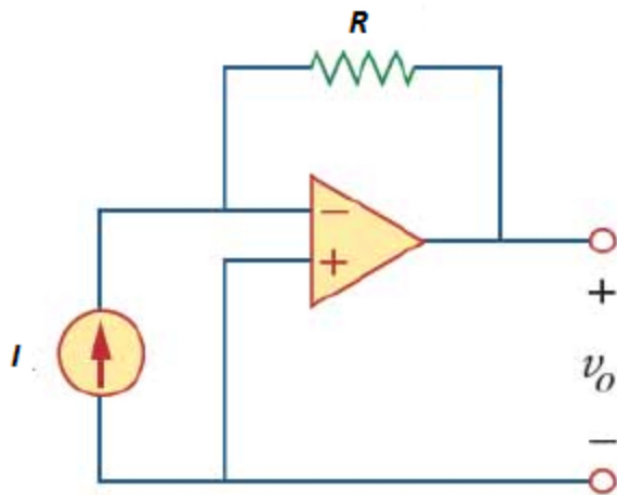
Calculate the differential voltage  $v_d$ .

The differential voltage  $v_d$  is  nV.

11.

value:  
10.00 points

Calculate the output voltage  $v_o$  for the op amp circuit given below, where  $I = 1 \text{ mA}$  and  $R = 12 \text{ k}\Omega$ . (Assume ideal op amp)

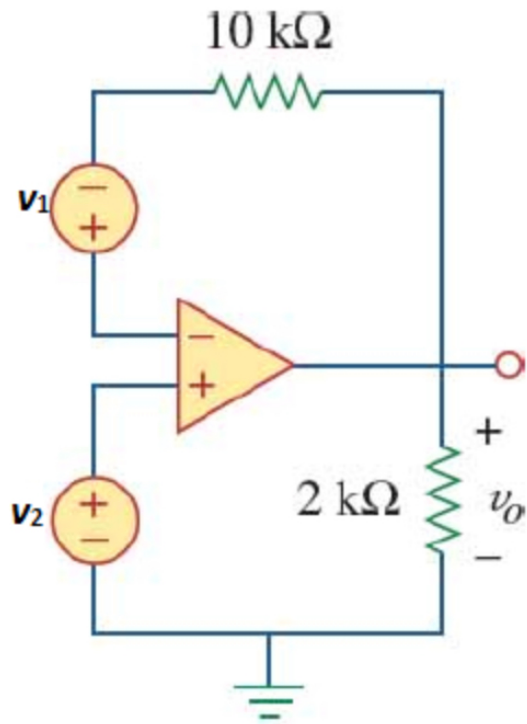


The output voltage  $v_o$  for the given op amp circuit is  V.

12.

value:  
10.00 points

Calculate the output voltage of the op amp circuit given below, where  $v_1 = 2.3$  V and  $v_2 = 1.0$  V.

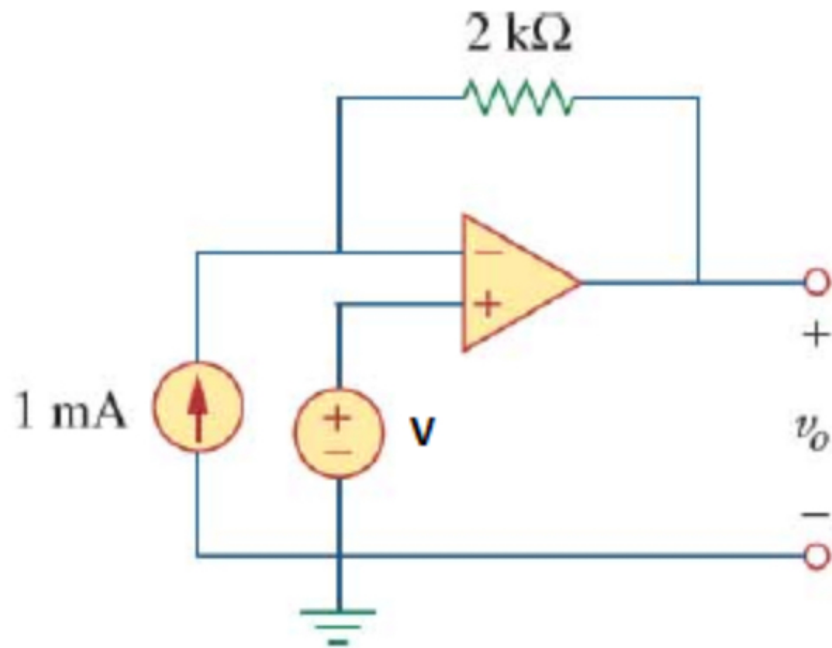


The output voltage of the op amp circuit is  V.

13.

value:  
10.00 points

Find the output voltage  $v_o$  for the op amp circuit given below, where  $V = 7$  V.

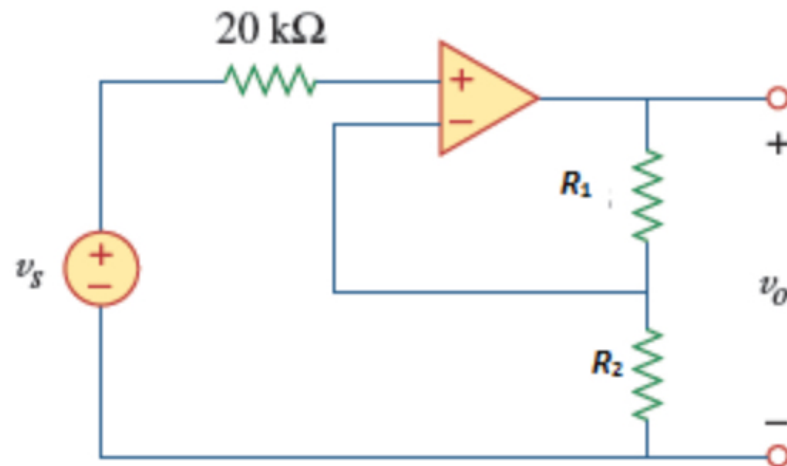


The output voltage  $v_o$  for the given op amp circuit is  V.

14.

value:  
10.00 points

Find the voltage gain  $v_0/v_s$  of the circuit given below, where  $R_1 = 18 \text{ k}\Omega$  and  $R_2 = 15 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

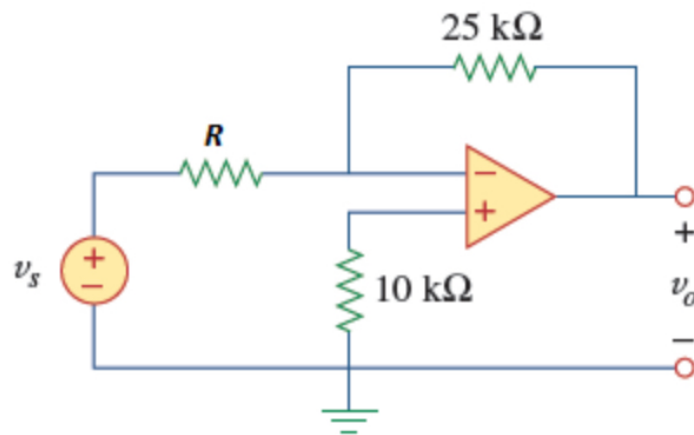


The voltage gain  $v_0/v_s$  of the circuit is .

15.

value:  
10.00 points

Calculate the voltage ratio  $v_o/v_s$  for the op amp circuit given below, where  $R = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ . Assume that the op amp is ideal.

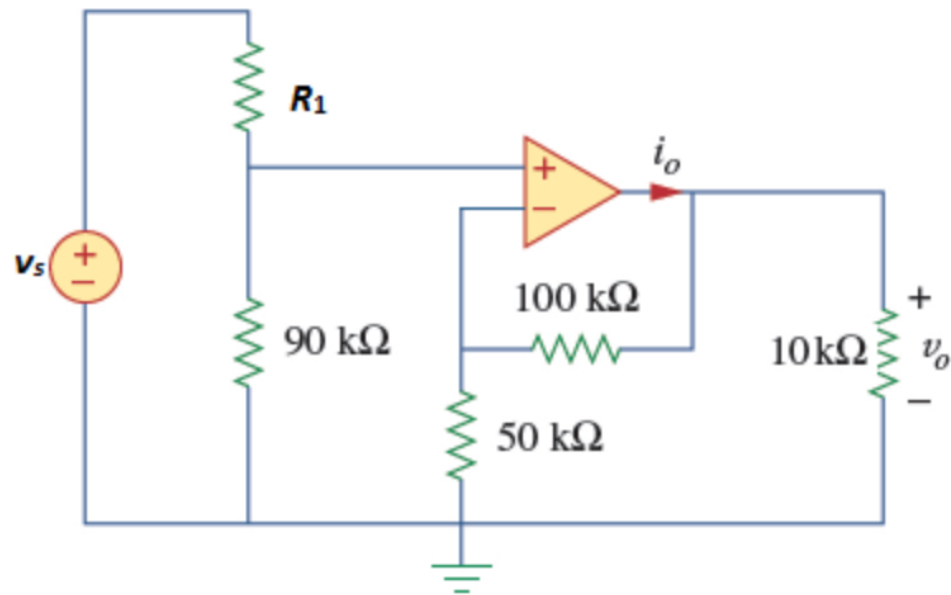


The voltage ratio  $v_o/v_s$  for the op amp circuit is .

16.

value:  
10.00 points

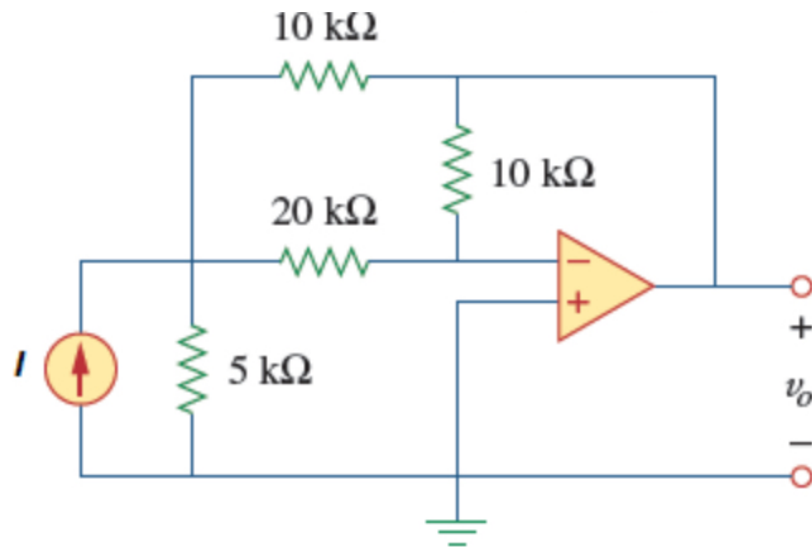
Consider the op amp circuit given below, where  $R_1 = 16 \text{ k}\Omega$  and  $v_s = 1 \text{ V}$ .



Calculate the output voltage  $v_o$  for the given circuit.

The output voltage  $v_o$  is  V.

17.

value:  
10.00 points

Calculate the output current in the circuit.

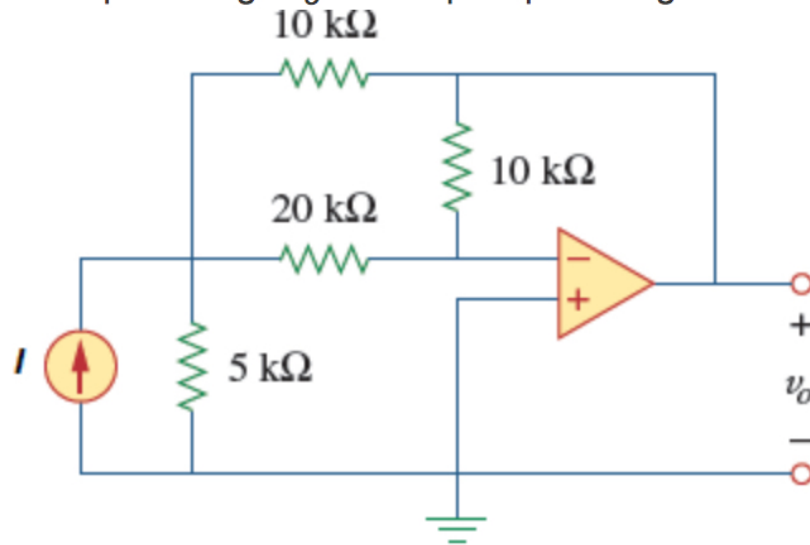
The output current in the circuit is   $\mu\text{A}$ .



18.

value:  
10.00 points

Determine the output voltage  $v_o$  in the op amp circuit given below, where  $I = 4 \text{ mA}$ .

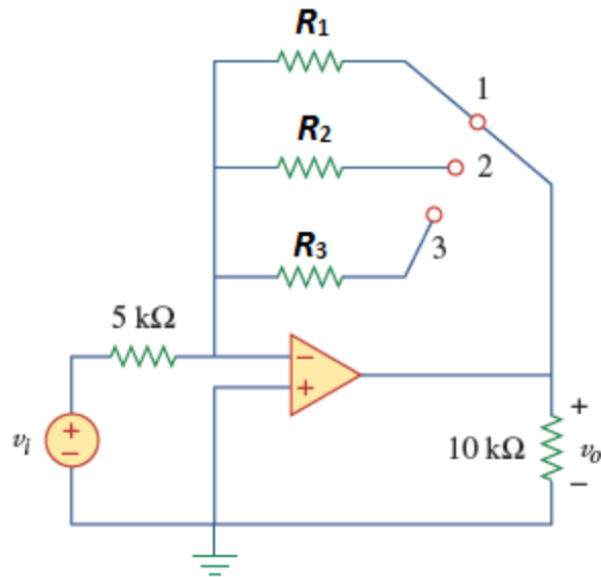


The output voltage  $v_o$  is  V.

19.

value:  
10.00 points

In the circuit given below,  $R_1 = 20\text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 66\text{ k}\Omega$ , and  $R_3 = 3\text{ M}\Omega$ . Calculate the gain  $\frac{v_0}{v_i}$  when the switch is in position 1, position 2, and position 3.



The gain  $\frac{v_0}{v_i}$  at the position 1 is .

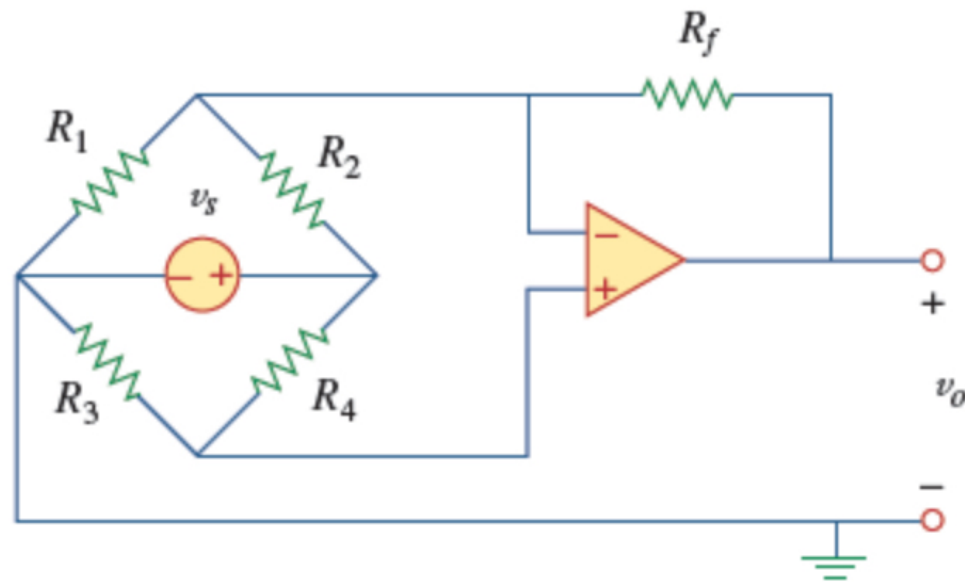
The gain  $\frac{v_0}{v_i}$  at the position 2 is .

The gain  $\frac{v_0}{v_i}$  at the position 3 is .

20.

value:  
10.00 points

In the circuit given below, find  $k$  in the voltage transfer function  $v_o = kv_s$ .



- $k = R_f \left[ \left( \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_f} \right) \left( \frac{R_3}{R_3 + R_4} \right) - \frac{1}{R_2} \right]$
- $k = \left[ \left( \frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2} - \frac{1}{R_f} \right) \left( \frac{R_3}{R_3 + R_4} \right) + \frac{1}{R_2} \right]$
- $k = R_f \left( \left( \frac{R_3}{R_1} - \frac{R_3}{R_f} + \frac{R_4}{R_2} \right) \left( \frac{R_3 + R_4}{R_3} \right) + \frac{1}{R_2} \right)$
- $k = R_f \left( \left( \frac{R_3}{R_1} + \frac{R_3}{R_f} + \frac{R_4}{R_2} \right) \left( \frac{R_3}{R_3 + R_4} \right) - \frac{1}{R_1} \right)$