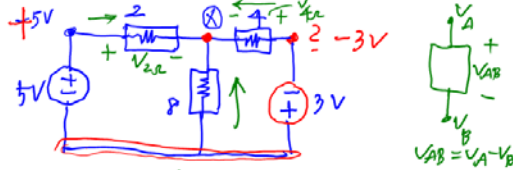


EE103 Lecture #5 Jan 19, 2018



KCL at \otimes $i_{2\Omega} + i_{4\Omega} + i_{8\Omega} = 0$

$$\frac{5-V_x}{2} + \frac{-3-V_x}{4} + \frac{0-V_x}{8} = 0$$

$$4(5-V_x) + 2(-3-V_x) - V_x = 0$$

$$14 - 7V_x = 0 \quad \boxed{V_x = 2V}$$

$$i_{2\Omega} = \frac{5-2}{2} = 1.5A$$

$$i_{4\Omega} = \frac{-3-2}{4} = -1.25A$$

$$i_g = \frac{0-2}{8} = -0.25$$

$$i_g (\downarrow) = +0.25 [A] \quad \text{ans}$$

Power = $V_x i_g = 2(0.25) = 0.5W$ ans

KVL $\sum v_k = 0$ loop

$$v_{5V} + v_{2\Omega} + v_{8\Omega} = 0$$

$$-5 + 2i_1 + 8(i_1 - i_2) = 0 \rightarrow 10i_1 - 8i_2 = 5$$

$$+8(i_2 - i_1) + 4i_2 - 3 = 0 \rightarrow -8i_1 + 12i_2 = 3$$

$$\boxed{i_{g\Omega} = i_1 - i_2}$$

$$1.5 - 1.25 = 0.25$$

KVL $\sum_{k=1}^5 v_k = 0$ (loop)

generation or rise (-)
consumption or drop (+)

$$\sum_{\text{rise}} v_k = \sum_{\text{drop}} v_k$$

KVL $-5 + 3.5 + 1.5 = 0$

(Prob 3.50) ML $i_1 = i_0$ By Mesh (=loop) analysis find i_0

Loop 1 KVL $+i_1 + 2(i_1 - i_3) + 10(i_1 + i_2) = 0$

2 $35 + 10(i_1 + i_2) + X = 0$

3 $2(i_3 - i_1) + 8i_3 + X = 0$

$$\boxed{3i_0 = i_2 + i_3}$$